### SAFETY DATA SHEET

AlixPods Acidic Bathroom Cleaner Concentrated

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

: AlixPods Acidic Bathroom Cleaner Concentrated

Product code
Other means of identification

:AL-BT-01L-AC-00
: Not available.

Product type

: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Not applicable.

**Uses advised against** 

Not applicable.

**Supplier's details**: TakiDistribution Inc.

621 Chemin de la Cote-Sainte-Catherine Outremont, Quebec H2V 2C4, Canada 1-514-447-9030

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation) : 1-800-535-5053 (Infotrac)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** 

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The hazard classification and label elements reflect the intrinsic properties of the concentrated product as supplied, which is sealed in a water soluble sachet. The following precautionary statements are applicable under conditions of exposure to the large quantities of product (spiull over 5 gallons), or handling damaged sachets (full skid). Handling undamaged pouches of product according to instructions does not present any exposure to concentrate, no PPE is required (applicable to Sections 5, 6 and 11 of the current SDS).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Combustible liquid. Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage

- : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

international regulations.

Substance/mixture Other means of identification : Mixture: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Diol	Proprietary	-
Fatty alcohol ethoxylates	Proprietary	-
Organic Acid	Proprietary	-
Alcohol	Proprietary	-

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Protect pods from freezing and overheating, avoid high humidity and outdoor storage. Store at temperatures from 50 to 80 F and relative humidity 50-60%. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Diol	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  CEIL: 25 ppm CEIL: 125 mg/m³ NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  CEIL: 25 ppm CEIL: 125 mg/m³ ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).  STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction. Aerosol only.  STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Vapor fraction TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapor fraction
Fatty alcohol ethoxylates Organic Acid Alcohol	None.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 980 mg/m³ 10 hours.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.

### **Biological exposure indices**

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2022) BEI: 40 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Environmental exposure controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Pink

Odor : Lavender [Slight]
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 2.5 to 3.5 at RTU dilution

Melting point/freezing point Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range Not available.Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 74°C (165.2°F) [Pensky-Martens]

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

Vapor pressure: Not available.Relative vapor density: Not available.

Relative density : 1.015

Density : 1.015 g/cm³ [23°C (73.4°F)]
Solubility in water : Completely soluble in water

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Viscosity : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Diol	LD50 Oral	Rat	3700 mg/kg	-
Fatty alcohol ethoxylates	LD50 Oral	Rat	1378 mg/kg	-
Alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Diol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	465 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Organic Acid	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 5	-
				mg	
Alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Classification**

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Alcohol	-	3	-

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Alcohol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	(mg/kg)		Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
AlixPods Acidic Bathroom Cleaner	2428.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Conc Diol	3700	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty alcohol ethoxylates	1378	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alcohol	5000	12800	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Diol	Acute EC50 2800000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 3200000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
Fatty alcohol ethoxylates	Acute EC50 5.36 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2686 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Alcohol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	48 hours 96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Diol Organic Acid Alcohol	0.58 -1.72 0.05	- -	Low Low Low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	NA1993	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	Combustible liquid, n.o.s.	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	Combustible liquid.	-	-	-	-
Packing group	III	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

**Additional information** 

**DOT Classification** 

: Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.

**IATA** 

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air

: Listed

**Pollutants (HAPs)** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals)

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

Not listed

### **SARA 302/304**

### Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
ethylene oxide	<0.1	Yes.	1000	-	10	-

SARA 304 RQ : 57142857.1 lbs / 25942857.1 kg [6752096.4 gal / 25559465.2 L]

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Diol	Proprietary	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Fatty alcohol ethoxylates	Proprietary	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Organic Acid	Proprietary	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
	, ,	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Alcohol	Proprietary	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORĞAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Diol; Alcohol

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Diol; Alcohol Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: Diol; Alcohol

### California Prop. 65

 $\wedge$ 

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylene oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including 1,4-Dioxane, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

	•	Maximum acceptable dosage level
1 '	Yes. Yes.	- Yes.

#### **International regulations**

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

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### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

**Eurasian Economic Union**: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

**New Zealand** : Not determined. : Not determined. **Philippines** Republic of Korea : Not determined. : Not determined. **Taiwan Thailand** : Not determined. **Turkey** : Not determined. **United States** : Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4	On basis of test data
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method

#### **History**

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### Section 16. Other information

### **Key to abbreviations**

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

References

: Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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